

Amendments In the Claims

Please amend Claims 1, 5-8, 10, 12, 13, 18, 19, 21, 23, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32 and 34 as follows:

1. **(Currently Amended)** A method for transporting information over a network comprising:

decomposing an input a datastream into a plurality of sub-streams; and
communicating said sub-streams between a first network element and a second
network element of said network by transporting each one of said sub-
streams over one of a plurality of channels, wherein
a bandwidth of said input datastream is greater than a bandwidth of any
one of said channels.

2. **(Original)** The method of claim 1, wherein
each of said channels is an optical channel.

3. **(Original)** The method of claim 2, wherein
each of said optical channels corresponds to a wavelength.

4. **(Original)** The method of claim 1, wherein
said each one of said sub-streams has a bandwidth that is equal to or less than a
bandwidth of a corresponding one of said channels.

5. **(Currently Amended)** The method of claim 1, further comprising:
assembling said sub-streams into a reconstructed output datastream.

6. **(Currently Amended)** The method of claim 5, wherein said assembling
comprises:

placing a portion of each of said substreams in a queue, wherein said
reconstructed output datastream is output by said queue.

7. **(Currently Amended)** The method of claim 5, further comprising:
performing protocol processing on said input datastream; and
performing protocol processing on said reconstructed output datastream.
8. **(Currently Amended)** The method of claim 1, further comprising:
performing compression on a one of said sub-streams datastreams, wherein said one of said sub-streams datastreams has a bandwidth greater than a corresponding one of said channels.
9. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein said network is an existing network.
10. **(Currently Amended)** The method of claim 1, wherein said network comprises an underlying network infrastructure, and the method is performed without alteration of said underlying network infrastructure.
11. (Original) The method of claim 10, wherein said network comprises a fiber-optic system.
12. **(Currently Amended)** The method of claim 1, wherein said decomposition comprises:
placing a portion of said input datastream in one of a plurality of queues, wherein each of said queues corresponds to a one of said channels.
13. **(Currently Amended)** A method for receiving information transported over a network comprising:
receiving a plurality of sub-streams, wherein
said sub-streams are created by decomposing an input a datastream into
said sub-streams,
each of said sub-streams is transported over said network on a
corresponding one of a plurality of channels, and

a bandwidth of said input datastream is greater than a bandwidth of any one of said channels; and assembling said sub-streams into a reconstructed output datastream.

14. (Original) The method of claim 13, wherein each of said channels is an optical channel.

15. (Original) The method of claim 14, wherein each of said optical channels corresponds to a wavelength.

16. (Original) The method of claim 13, wherein said each one of said sub-streams has a bandwidth that is equal to or less than a bandwidth of said corresponding one of said channels.

17. (Original) The method of claim 13, wherein said assembling comprises: placing a portion of each of said substreams in a queue, wherein said reconstructed datastream is output by said queue.

18. (**Currently Amended**) The method of claim 13, further comprising: decomposing said input datastream into said sub-streams; and transporting said each of said sub-streams over said network on said corresponding one of a plurality of channels.

19. (**Currently Amended**) The method of claim 13, further comprising: performing protocol processing on said input datastream; and performing protocol processing on said reconstructed output datastream.

20. (Original) The method of claim 13, wherein said network is an existing network.

21. (**Currently Amended**) The method of claim 13, wherein said network comprises an underlying network infrastructure, and the method is performed without alteration of said underlying network infrastructure.

22. (Original) The method of claim 21, wherein said network comprises a fiber-optic system.

23. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 13, wherein said decomposition comprises:

placing a portion of said input datastream in one of a plurality of queues, wherein each of said queues corresponds to a one of said channels.

24. (Currently Amended) An apparatus for transporting information over a network comprising:

a first sub-stream management device, comprising

an input configured to receive an input a datastream, and
a plurality of outputs, wherein

each of said outputs is configured to output one of a plurality of sub-streams, wherein
the input datastream is decomposed to form the
plurality of sub-streams,

each of said sub-streams is transported over said network on a corresponding one of a plurality of channels, and
a bandwidth of said input datastream is greater than a bandwidth of any one of said channels.

25. (Original) The apparatus of claim 24, wherein each of said channels is an optical channel.

26. (Currently Amended) The apparatus method of claim 25, wherein each of said optical channels corresponds to a wavelength.

27. (Original) The apparatus of claim 24, wherein said each one of said sub-streams has a bandwidth that is equal to or less than a bandwidth of said corresponding one of said channels.

28. **(Currently Amended)** The apparatus of claim 24, further comprising a second sub-stream management device, comprising

an output configured to output a reconstructed output datastream, and a plurality of inputs, wherein

each of said inputs is configured to receive one of said sub-streams; and

an underlying network infrastructure, communicatively coupled to said first and said second sub-stream management devices, and comprising said channels.

29. **(Original)** The apparatus of claim 28, further comprising

a first protocol processor, coupled to said input; and

a second protocol processor, coupled to said output.

30. **(Currently Amended)** An apparatus for transporting information over a network comprising:

a first sub-stream management device, comprising

an output configured to output a reconstructed output datastream, and a plurality of inputs, wherein

each of said inputs is configured to receive one of a plurality of sub-streams,

said sub-streams are created by decomposing an input a datastream into said sub-streams,

each of said sub-streams is transported over said network on a corresponding one of a plurality of channels, and

a bandwidth of said input datastream is greater than a bandwidth of any one of said channels.

31. **(Original)** The apparatus of claim 30, wherein each of said channels is an optical channel.

32. **(Currently Amended)** The apparatus method of claim 31, wherein each of said optical channels corresponds to a wavelength.

33. (Original) The apparatus of claim 30, wherein
said each one of said sub-streams has a bandwidth that is equal to or less than a
bandwidth of said corresponding one of said channels.

34. (**Currently Amended**) The apparatus of claim 30, further comprising
a second sub-stream management device, comprising
an input configured to receive said input datastream, and
a plurality of outputs, wherein
each of said outputs is configured to output one of said sub-
streams; and
an underlying network infrastructure, communicatively coupled to said first and
said second sub-stream management devices, and comprising said
channels.

35. (Original) The apparatus of claim 34, further comprising
a first protocol processor, coupled to said input; and
a second protocol processor, coupled to said output.